

A. Introduction

1. **Title:** Protection System, Automatic Reclosing, and Sudden Pressure Relaying Maintenance
2. **Number:** PRC-005-6
3. **Purpose:** To document and implement programs for the maintenance of all Protection Systems, Automatic Reclosing, and Sudden Pressure Relaying affecting the reliability of the Bulk Electric System (BES) so that they are kept in working order.
4. **Applicability:**
 - 4.1. **Functional Entities:**
 - 4.1.1 Transmission Owner
 - 4.1.2 Generator Owner
 - 4.1.3 Distribution Provider
 - 4.2. **Facilities:**
 - 4.2.1 Protection Systems and Sudden Pressure Relaying that are installed for the purpose of detecting Faults on BES Elements (lines, buses, transformers, etc.)
 - 4.2.2 Protection Systems used for underfrequency load-shedding systems installed per ERO underfrequency load-shedding requirements.
 - 4.2.3 Protection Systems used for undervoltage load-shedding systems installed to prevent system voltage collapse or voltage instability for BES reliability.
 - 4.2.4 Protection Systems installed as a Remedial Action Scheme (RAS) for BES reliability.
 - 4.2.5 Protection Systems and Sudden Pressure Relaying for generator Facilities that are part of the BES, except for generators identified through Inclusion I4 of the BES definition, including:
 - 4.2.5.1 Protection Systems that act to trip the generator either directly or via lockout or auxiliary tripping relays.
 - 4.2.5.2 Protection Systems and Sudden Pressure Relaying for generator step-up transformers for generators that are part of the BES.
 - 4.2.5.3 Protection Systems and Sudden Pressure Relaying for station service or excitation transformers connected to the generator bus of generators which are part of the BES, that act to trip the generator either directly or via lockout or tripping auxiliary relays.

4.2.6 Protection Systems and Sudden Pressure Relaying for the following BES generator Facilities for dispersed power producing resources identified through Inclusion I4 of the BES definition:

4.2.6.1 Protection Systems and Sudden Pressure Relaying for Facilities used in aggregating dispersed BES generation from the point where those resources aggregate to greater than 75 MVA to a common point of connection at 100kV or above.

4.2.7 Automatic Reclosing¹, including:

4.2.7.1 Automatic Reclosing applied on the terminals of Elements connected to the BES bus located at generating plant substations where the total installed gross generating plant capacity is greater than the gross capacity of the largest BES generating unit within the Balancing Authority Area or, if a member of a Reserve Sharing Group, the largest generating unit within the Reserve Sharing Group.²

4.2.7.2 Automatic Reclosing applied on the terminals of all BES Elements at substations one bus away from generating plants specified in Section 4.2.7.1 when the substation is less than 10 circuit-miles from the generating plant substation.

4.2.7.3 Automatic Reclosing applied as an integral part of an RAS specified in Section 4.2.4.

5. Effective Date: See the Implementation Plan for this standard.

6. Definitions Used in this Standard:

Automatic Reclosing – Includes the following Components:

- Reclosing relay
- Supervisory relay(s) or function(s) – relay(s) or function(s) that perform voltage and/or sync check functions that enable or disable operation of the reclosing relay
- Voltage sensing devices associated with the supervisory relay(s) or function(s)

¹ Automatic Reclosing addressed in Section 4.2.7.1 and 4.2.7.2 may be excluded if the equipment owner can demonstrate that a close-in three-phase fault present for twice the normal clearing time (capturing a minimum trip-close-trip time delay) does not result in a total loss of gross generation in the Interconnection exceeding the gross capacity of the largest relevant BES generating unit where the Automatic Reclosing is applied.

² The largest BES generating unit within the Balancing Authority Area or the largest generating unit within the Reserve Sharing Group, as applicable, is subject to change. As a result of such a change, the Automatic Reclosing Components subject to the standard could change effective on the date of such change.

- Control circuitry associated with the reclosing relay or supervisory relay(s) or function(s)

Sudden Pressure Relaying – A system that trips an interrupting device(s) to isolate the equipment it is monitoring and includes the following Components:

- Fault pressure relay – a mechanical relay or device that detects rapid changes in gas pressure, oil pressure, or oil flow that are indicative of Faults within liquid-filled, wire-wound equipment
- Control circuitry associated with a fault pressure relay

Unresolved Maintenance Issue – A deficiency identified during a maintenance activity that causes the Component to not meet the intended performance, cannot be corrected during the maintenance interval, and requires follow-up corrective action.

Segment – Components of a consistent design standard, or a particular model or type from a single manufacturer that typically share other common elements. Consistent performance is expected across the entire population of a Segment. A Segment must contain at least sixty (60) individual Components.

Component Type –

- Any one of the five specific elements of a Protection System
- Any one of the four specific elements of Automatic Reclosing
- Any one of the two specific elements of Sudden Pressure Relaying

Component – Any individual discrete piece of equipment included in a Protection System, Automatic Reclosing, or Sudden Pressure Relaying.

Countable Event – A failure of a Component requiring repair or replacement, any condition discovered during the maintenance activities in Tables 1-1 through 1-5, Table 3, Tables 4-1 through 4-3, and Table 5, which requires corrective action or a Protection System Misoperation attributed to hardware failure or calibration failure. Misoperations due to product design errors, software errors, relay settings different from specified settings, Protection System Component, Automatic Reclosing, or Sudden Pressure Relaying configuration or application errors are not included in Countable Events.

B. Requirements and Measures

- R1.** Each Transmission Owner, Generator Owner, and Distribution Provider shall establish a Protection System Maintenance Program (PSMP) for its Protection Systems, Automatic Reclosing, and Sudden Pressure Relaying identified in Section 4.2, Facilities. *[Violation Risk Factor: Medium] [Time Horizon: Operations Planning]*

The PSMP shall:

- 1.1.** Identify which maintenance method (time-based, performance-based per PRC-005 Attachment A, or a combination) is used to address each Protection System, Automatic Reclosing, and Sudden Pressure Relaying Component Type. All batteries associated with the station dc supply Component Type of a Protection System shall be included in a time-based program as described in Table 1-4 and Table 3.
 - 1.2.** Include the applicable monitored Component attributes applied to each Protection System, Automatic Reclosing, and Sudden Pressure Relaying Component Type consistent with the maintenance intervals specified in Tables 1-1 through 1-5, Table 2, Table 3, Table 4-1 through 4-3, and Table 5 where monitoring is used to extend the maintenance intervals beyond those specified for unmonitored Protection System, Automatic Reclosing, and Sudden Pressure Relaying Components.
- M1.** Each Transmission Owner, Generator Owner and Distribution Provider shall have a documented PSMP in accordance with Requirement R1.
- For each Protection System, Automatic Reclosing, and Sudden Pressure Relaying Component Type, the documentation shall include the type of maintenance method applied (time-based, performance-based, or a combination of these maintenance methods), and shall include all batteries associated with the station dc supply Component Types in a time-based program as described in Table 1-4 and Table 3. (Part 1.1)
- For Component Types that use monitoring to extend the maintenance intervals, the responsible entity(s) shall have evidence for each Protection System, Automatic Reclosing, and Sudden Pressure Relaying Component Type (such as manufacturer's specifications or engineering drawings) of the appropriate monitored Component attributes as specified in Tables 1-1 through 1-5, Table 2, Table 3, Table 4-1 through 4-3, and Table 5. (Part 1.2)
- R2.** Each Transmission Owner, Generator Owner, and Distribution Provider that uses performance-based maintenance intervals in its PSMP shall follow the procedure established in PRC-005 Attachment A to establish and maintain its performance-based intervals. *[Violation Risk Factor: Medium] [Time Horizon: Operations Planning]*
- M2.** Each Transmission Owner, Generator Owner, and Distribution Provider that uses performance-based maintenance intervals shall have evidence that its current performance-based maintenance program(s) is in accordance with Requirement R2, which may include, but is not limited to, Component lists, dated maintenance records, and dated analysis records and results.
- R3.** Each Transmission Owner, Generator Owner, and Distribution Provider that utilizes time-based maintenance program(s) shall maintain its Protection System, Automatic Reclosing, and Sudden Pressure Relaying Components that are included within the

time-based maintenance program in accordance with the minimum maintenance activities and maximum maintenance intervals prescribed within Tables 1-1 through 1-5, Table 2, Table 3, Table 4-1 through 4-3, and Table 5. *[Violation Risk Factor: High]*
[Time Horizon: Operations Planning]

- M3.** Each Transmission Owner, Generator Owner, and Distribution Provider that utilizes time-based maintenance program(s) shall have evidence that it has maintained its Protection System, Automatic Reclosing, and Sudden Pressure Relaying Components included within its time-based program in accordance with Requirement R3. The evidence may include, but is not limited to, dated maintenance records, dated maintenance summaries, dated check-off lists, dated inspection records, or dated work orders.
- R4.** Each Transmission Owner, Generator Owner, and Distribution Provider that utilizes performance-based maintenance program(s) in accordance with Requirement R2 shall implement and follow its PSMP for its Protection System, Automatic Reclosing, and Sudden Pressure Relaying Components that are included within the performance-based program(s). *[Violation Risk Factor: High]* *[Time Horizon: Operations Planning]*
- M4.** Each Transmission Owner, Generator Owner, and Distribution Provider that utilizes performance-based maintenance intervals in accordance with Requirement R2 shall have evidence that it has implemented the PSMP for the Protection System, Automatic Reclosing, and Sudden Pressure Relaying Components included in its performance-based program in accordance with Requirement R4. The evidence may include, but is not limited to, dated maintenance records, dated maintenance summaries, dated check-off lists, dated inspection records, or dated work orders.
- R5.** Each Transmission Owner, Generator Owner, and Distribution Provider shall demonstrate efforts to correct identified Unresolved Maintenance Issues. *[Violation Risk Factor: Medium]* *[Time Horizon: Operations Planning]*
- M5.** Each Transmission Owner, Generator Owner, and Distribution Provider shall have evidence that it has undertaken efforts to correct identified Unresolved Maintenance Issues in accordance with Requirement R5. The evidence may include, but is not limited to, work orders, replacement Component orders, invoices, project schedules with completed milestones, return material authorizations (RMAs) or purchase orders.

C. Compliance

1. Compliance Monitoring Process

1.1. Compliance Enforcement Authority

As defined in the NERC Rules of Procedure, “Compliance Enforcement Authority” means NERC or the Regional Entity in their respective roles of monitoring and enforcing compliance with the NERC Reliability Standards.

1.2. Evidence Retention

The following evidence retention periods identify the period of time an entity is required to retain specific evidence to demonstrate compliance. For instances where the evidence retention period specified below is shorter than the time since the last audit, the Compliance Enforcement Authority may ask an entity to provide other evidence to show that it was compliant for the full time period since the last audit.

The Transmission Owner, Generator Owner, and Distribution Provider shall each keep data or evidence to show compliance as identified below unless directed by its Compliance Enforcement Authority to retain specific evidence for a longer period of time as part of an investigation.

For Requirement R1, the Transmission Owner, Generator Owner, and Distribution Provider shall each keep its current dated PSMP, as well as any superseded versions since the preceding compliance audit, including the documentation that specifies the type of maintenance program applied for each Protection System, Automatic Reclosing, or Sudden Pressure Relaying Component Type.

For Requirement R2, Requirement R3, and Requirement R4, in cases where the interval of the maintenance activity is longer than the audit cycle, the Transmission Owner, Generator Owner, and Distribution Provider shall each keep documentation of the most recent performance of that maintenance activity for the Protection System, Automatic Reclosing, or Sudden Pressure Relaying Component. In cases where the interval of the maintenance activity is shorter than the audit cycle, documentation of all performances (in accordance with the tables) of that maintenance activity for the Protection System, Automatic Reclosing, or Sudden Pressure Relaying Component since the previous scheduled audit date shall be retained.

For Requirement R5 the Transmission Owner, Generator Owner, and Distribution Provider shall each keep documentation of Unresolved Maintenance Issues identified by the entity since the last audit, including all that were resolved since the last audit.

1.3. Compliance Monitoring and Assessment Processes:

Compliance Audits

Self-Certifications

Spot Checking

Compliance Investigations

Self-Reporting

Complaints

1.4. Additional Compliance Information

None

Table of Compliance Elements

| Requirement Number | Lower VSL | Moderate VSL | High VSL | Severe VSL |
|--------------------|--|--|---|--|
| R1 | The entity’s PSMP failed to specify whether one Component Type is being addressed by time-based or performance-based maintenance, or a combination of both (Part 1.1). | The entity’s PSMP failed to specify whether two Component Types are being addressed by time-based or performance-based maintenance, or a combination of both (Part 1.1). | <p>The entity’s PSMP failed to specify whether three Component Types are being addressed by time-based or performance-based maintenance, or a combination of both. (Part 1.1).</p> <p>OR</p> <p>The entity’s PSMP failed to include the applicable monitoring attributes applied to each Component Type consistent with the maintenance intervals specified in Tables 1-1 through 1-5, Table 2, Table 3, Tables 4-1 through 4-3, and Table 5 where monitoring is used to extend the maintenance intervals beyond those specified for unmonitored Components (Part 1.2).</p> | <p>The entity failed to establish a PSMP.</p> <p>OR</p> <p>The entity’s PSMP failed to specify whether four or more Component Types are being addressed by time-based or performance-based maintenance, or a combination of both (Part 1.1).</p> <p>OR</p> <p>The entity’s PSMP failed to include applicable station batteries in a time-based program (Part 1.1).</p> |
| R2 | The entity uses performance-based maintenance intervals in its PSMP but failed to reduce Countable Events to no more than 4% within three years. | NA | The entity uses performance-based maintenance intervals in its PSMP but failed to reduce Countable Events to no more than 4% within four years. | <p>The entity uses performance-based maintenance intervals in its PSMP but:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1) Failed to establish the technical justification described within Requirement R2 for the initial use of the performance-based PSMP <p>OR</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 2) Failed to reduce Countable Events to no more than 4% within five years <p>OR</p> |

| Requirement Number | Lower VSL | Moderate VSL | High VSL | Severe VSL |
|--------------------|--|--|---|--|
| | | | | 3) Maintained a Segment with less than 60 Components OR 4) Failed to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Annually update the list of Components, OR • Annually perform maintenance on the greater of 5% of the Segment population or 3 Components, OR • Annually analyze the program activities and results for each Segment. |
| R3 | For Components included within a time-based maintenance program, the entity failed to maintain 5% or less of the total Components included within a specific Component Type in accordance with the minimum maintenance activities and maximum maintenance intervals prescribed within Tables 1-1 through 1-5, Table 2, Table 3, Tables 4-1 through 4-3, and Table 5. | For Components included within a time-based maintenance program, the entity failed to maintain more than 5% but 10% or less of the total Components included within a specific Component Type in accordance with the minimum maintenance activities and maximum maintenance intervals prescribed within Tables 1-1 through 1-5, Table 2, Table 3, Tables 4-1 through 4-3, and Table 5. | For Components included within a time-based maintenance program, the entity failed to maintain more than 10% but 15% or less of the total Components included within a specific Component Type in accordance with the minimum maintenance activities and maximum maintenance intervals prescribed within Tables 1-1 through 1-5, Table 2, Table 3, Tables 4-1 through 4-3, and Table 5. | For Components included within a time-based maintenance program, the entity failed to maintain more than 15% of the total Components included within a specific Component Type in accordance with the minimum maintenance activities and maximum maintenance intervals prescribed within Tables 1-1 through 1-5, Table 2, Table 3, Tables 4-1 through 4-3, and Table 5. |

| Requirement Number | Lower VSL | Moderate VSL | High VSL | Severe VSL |
|--------------------|---|---|--|--|
| R4 | For Components included within a performance-based maintenance program, the entity failed to maintain 5% or less of the annual scheduled maintenance for a specific Component Type in accordance with their performance-based PSMP. | For Components included within a performance-based maintenance program, the entity failed to maintain more than 5% but 10% or less of the annual scheduled maintenance for a specific Component Type in accordance with their performance-based PSMP. | For Components included within a performance-based maintenance program, the entity failed to maintain more than 10% but 15% or less of the annual scheduled maintenance for a specific Component Type in accordance with their performance-based PSMP. | For Components included within a performance-based maintenance program, the entity failed to maintain more than 15% of the annual scheduled maintenance for a specific Component Type in accordance with their performance-based PSMP. |
| R5 | The entity failed to undertake efforts to correct 5 or fewer identified Unresolved Maintenance Issues. | The entity failed to undertake efforts to correct greater than 5 but less than or equal to 10 identified Unresolved Maintenance Issues. | The entity failed to undertake efforts to correct greater than 10 but less than or equal to 15 identified Unresolved Maintenance Issues. | The entity failed to undertake efforts to correct greater than 15 identified Unresolved Maintenance Issues. |

D. Regional Variances

None.

E. Interpretations

None.

Supplemental Reference Documents

The following documents present a detailed discussion about determination of maintenance intervals and other useful information regarding establishment of a maintenance program.

1. *Supplementary Reference and FAQ - PRC-005-6 Protection System Maintenance*, Protection System Maintenance and Testing Standard Drafting Team (July 2015)
2. *Considerations for Maintenance and Testing of Auto-reclosing Schemes*, NERC System Analysis and Modeling Subcommittee, and NERC System Protection and Control Subcommittee (November 2012)
3. *Sudden Pressure Relays and Other Devices that Respond to Non-Electrical Quantities – SPCS Input for Standard Development in Response to FERC Order No. 758*, NERC System Protection and Control Subcommittee (December 2013)
4. *Sudden Pressure Relays and Other Devices that Respond to Non-Electrical Quantities – Supplemental Information to Support Project 2007-17.3: Protection System Maintenance and Testing* (October 31, 2014)

Version History

| Version | Date | Action | Change Tracking |
|---------|------------------|--|---|
| 0 | February 8, 2005 | Adopted by NERC Board of Trustees | New |
| 1 | February 7, 2006 | Adopted by NERC Board of Trustees | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Changed incorrect use of certain hyphens (-) to “en dash” (–) and “em dash (—).” 2. Added “periods” to items where appropriate. Changed “Timeframe” to “Time Frame” in item D, 1.2. |
| 1 | March 16, 2007 | PRC-005-1 Approved by FERC. Docket No. RM06-16-000 | |

| Version | Date | Action | Change Tracking |
|---------|--------------------|--|--|
| 1a | February 17, 2011 | Adopted by NERC Board of Trustees | Added Appendix 1 - Interpretation regarding applicability of standard to protection of radially connected transformers developed in Project 2009-17 |
| 1a | September 26, 2011 | Approved by FERC. Docket No. RD11-5-000 | |
| 1b | November 5, 2009 | Adopted by NERC Board of Trustees | Interpretation of R1, R1.1, and R1.2 developed by Project 2009-10 |
| 1b | February 3, 2012 | FERC Order approving revised definition of “Protection System” | Per footnote 8 of FERC’s order, the definition of “Protection System” supersedes interpretation “b” of PRC-005-1b upon the effective date of the modified definition (i.e., April 1, 2013) <i>See N. Amer. Elec. Reliability Corp., 138 FERC ¶ 61,095 (February 3, 2012).</i> |
| 1b | February 3, 2012 | PRC-005-1b Approved by FERC. Docket No. RM10-5-000 | |
| 1.1b | May 9, 2012 | Adopted by NERC Board of Trustees | Errata change developed by Project 2010-07, clarified inclusion of generator interconnection Facility in Generator Owner’s responsibility |
| 1.1b | September 19, 2013 | PRC-005-1.1b Approved by FERC. Docket No. RM12-16-000 | |
| 2 | November 7, 2012 | Adopted by NERC Board of Trustees | Project 2007-17 - Complete revision, absorbing maintenance requirements from PRC-005-1.1b, PRC-008-0, PRC-011-0, PRC-017-0 |

| Version | Date | Action | Change Tracking |
|---------|-------------------|--|--|
| 2 | October 17, 2013 | Approved by NERC Standards Committee | Errata Change: The Standards Committee approved an errata change to the implementation plan for PRC-005-2 to add the phrase “or as otherwise made effective pursuant to the laws applicable to such ERO governmental authorities;” to the second sentence under the “Retirement of Existing Standards” section. (no change to standard version number) |
| 2 | December 19, 2013 | PRC-005-2 Approved by FERC. Docket No. RM13-7-000 | |
| 2 | March 7, 2014 | Adopted by NERC Board of Trustees | Modified R1 VSL in response to FERC directive (no change to standard version number) |
| 2(i) | November 13, 2014 | Adopted by NERC Board of Trustees | Applicability section revised by Project 2014-01 to clarify application of Requirements to BES dispersed power producing resources |
| 2(i) | May 29, 2015 | PRC-005-2(i) Approved by FERC. Docket No. RD15-3-000 | |
| 2(ii) | November 13, 2014 | Adopted by NERC Board of Trustees | Replaced references to Special Protection System and SPS with Remedial Action Scheme and RAS |
| 3 | November 7, 2013 | Adopted by the NERC Board of Trustees | Revised to address the FERC directive in Order No. 758 to include Automatic Reclosing in maintenance programs |

| Version | Date | Action | Change Tracking |
|---------|-------------------|--|--|
| 3 | February 12, 2014 | Approved by NERC Standards Committee | Errata Change: The Standards Committee approved errata changes to correct capitalization of certain defined terms within the definitions of “Unresolved Maintenance Issue” and “Protection System Maintenance Program”. The changes will be reflected in the definitions section of PRC-005-3 for “Unresolved Maintenance Issue” and in the NERC Glossary of Terms for “Protection System Maintenance Program”. (no change to standard version number) |
| 3 | March 7, 2014 | Adopted by NERC Board of Trustees | Modified R1 VSL in response to FERC directive (no change to standard version number) |
| 3 | January 22, 2015 | PRC-005-3 Approved by FERC. Docket No. RM14-8-000 | |
| 3(i) | November 13, 2014 | Adopted by NERC Board of Trustees | Applicability section revised by Project 2014-01 to clarify application of Requirements to BES dispersed power producing resources |
| 3(i) | May 29, 2015 | PRC-005-3(i) Approved by FERC. Docket No. RD15-3-000 | |
| 3(ii) | November 13, 2014 | Adopted by NERC Board of Trustees | Replaced references to Special Protection System and SPS with Remedial Action Scheme and RAS |
| 4 | November 13, 2014 | Adopted by NERC Board of Trustees | Added Sudden Pressure Relaying in response to FERC Order No. 758 |
| 4 | Sept 17, 2015 | PRC-005-4 Approved by FERC. Docket No. RM15-9-000 | |

| Version | Date | Action | Change Tracking |
|---------|-------------------|---|--|
| 5 | May 7, 2015 | Adopted by NERC Board of Trustees | Applicability section revised by Project 2014-01 to clarify application of Requirements to BES dispersed power producing resources. |
| 6 | November 5, 2015 | Adopted by NERC Board of Trustees | Revised to add supervisory relays, the voltage sensing devices, and the associated control circuitry to Automatic Reclosing in accordance with the directives in FERC Order 803. |
| 6 | December 18, 2015 | FERC Letter Order approving PRC-005-6. Docket No. RD16-2-000. | |

| Table 1-1 Component Type - Protective Relay Excluding distributed UFLS and distributed UVLS (see Table 3) | | |
|--|---|---|
| Component Attributes | Maximum Maintenance Interval ³ | Maintenance Activities |
| Any unmonitored protective relay not having all the monitoring attributes of a category below. | 6 Calendar Years | For all unmonitored relays: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Verify that settings are as specified For non-microprocessor relays: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Test and, if necessary calibrate For microprocessor relays: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Verify operation of the relay inputs and outputs that are essential to proper functioning of the Protection System. • Verify acceptable measurement of power system input values. |
| Monitored microprocessor protective relay with the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Internal self-diagnosis and alarming (see Table 2). • Voltage and/or current waveform sampling three or more times per power cycle, and conversion of samples to numeric values for measurement calculations by microprocessor electronics. • Alarming for power supply failure (see Table 2). | 12 Calendar Years | Verify: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Settings are as specified. • Operation of the relay inputs and outputs that are essential to proper functioning of the Protection System. • Acceptable measurement of power system input values. |

³ For the tables in this standard, a calendar year starts on the first day of a new year (January 1) after a maintenance activity has been completed. For the tables in this standard, a calendar month starts on the first day of the first month after a maintenance activity has been completed.

| Table 1-1 Component Type - Protective Relay Excluding distributed UFLS and distributed UVLS (see Table 3) | | |
|--|---|---|
| Component Attributes | Maximum Maintenance Interval ³ | Maintenance Activities |
| Monitored microprocessor protective relay with preceding row attributes and the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ac measurements are continuously verified by comparison to an independent ac measurement source, with alarming for excessive error (See Table 2). • Some or all binary or status inputs and control outputs are monitored by a process that continuously demonstrates ability to perform as designed, with alarming for failure (See Table 2). • Alarming for change of settings (See Table 2). | 12 Calendar Years | Verify only the unmonitored relay inputs and outputs that are essential to proper functioning of the Protection System. |

| Table 1-2 Component Type - Communications Systems Excluding distributed UFLS and distributed UVLS (see Table 3) | | |
|---|------------------------------|--|
| Component Attributes | Maximum Maintenance Interval | Maintenance Activities |
| Any unmonitored communications system necessary for correct operation of protective functions, and not having all the monitoring attributes of a category below. | 4 Calendar Months | Verify that the communications system is functional. |
| | 6 Calendar Years | Verify that the communications system meets performance criteria pertinent to the communications technology applied (e.g. signal level, reflected power, or data error rate). Verify operation of communications system inputs and outputs that are essential to proper functioning of the Protection System. |
| Any communications system with continuous monitoring or periodic automated testing for the presence of the channel function, and alarming for loss of function (See Table 2). | 12 Calendar Years | Verify that the communications system meets performance criteria pertinent to the communications technology applied (e.g. signal level, reflected power, or data error rate). Verify operation of communications system inputs and outputs that are essential to proper functioning of the Protection System. |
| Any communications system with all of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Continuous monitoring or periodic automated testing for the performance of the channel using criteria pertinent to the communications technology applied (e.g. signal level, reflected power, or data error rate, and alarming for excessive performance degradation). (See Table 2) • Some or all binary or status inputs and control outputs are monitored by a process that continuously demonstrates ability to perform as designed, with alarming for failure (See Table 2). | 12 Calendar Years | Verify only the unmonitored communications system inputs and outputs that are essential to proper functioning of the Protection System |

| Table 1-3 Component Type - Voltage and Current Sensing Devices Providing Inputs to Protective Relays Excluding distributed UFLS and distributed UVLS (see Table 3) | | |
|---|-------------------------------------|--|
| Component Attributes | Maximum Maintenance Interval | Maintenance Activities |
| Any voltage and current sensing devices not having monitoring attributes of the category below. | 12 Calendar Years | Verify that current and voltage signal values are provided to the protective relays. |
| Voltage and Current Sensing devices connected to microprocessor relays with ac measurements that are continuously verified by comparison of sensing input value, as measured by the microprocessor relay, to an independent ac measurement source, with alarming for unacceptable error or failure (see Table 2). | No periodic maintenance specified | None. |

| Table 1-4(a) Component Type – Protection System Station dc Supply Using Vented Lead-Acid (VLA) Batteries Excluding distributed UFLS and distributed UVLS (see Table 3) | | |
|---|------------------------------|--|
| Protection System Station dc supply used only for non-BES interrupting devices for RAS, non-distributed UFLS systems, or non-distributed UVLS systems is excluded (see Table 1-4(e)). | | |
| Component Attributes | Maximum Maintenance Interval | Maintenance Activities |
| Protection System Station dc supply using Vented Lead-Acid (VLA) batteries not having monitoring attributes of Table 1-4(f). | 4 Calendar Months | Verify: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Station dc supply voltage Inspect: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Electrolyte level • For unintentional grounds |
| | 18 Calendar Months | Verify: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Float voltage of battery charger • Battery continuity • Battery terminal connection resistance • Battery intercell or unit-to-unit connection resistance Inspect: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Cell condition of all individual battery cells where cells are visible – or measure battery cell/unit internal ohmic values where the cells are not visible • Physical condition of battery rack |

| <p align="center">Table 1-4(a) Component Type – Protection System Station dc Supply Using Vented Lead-Acid (VLA) Batteries Excluding distributed UFLS and distributed UVLS (see Table 3)</p> <p align="center">Protection System Station dc supply used only for non-BES interrupting devices for RAS, non-distributed UFLS systems, or non-distributed UVLS systems is excluded (see Table 1-4(e)).</p> | | |
|---|--|---|
| Component Attributes | Maximum Maintenance Interval | Maintenance Activities |
| | <p>18 Calendar Months</p> <p align="center">-or-</p> <p>6 Calendar Years</p> | <p>Verify that the station battery can perform as manufactured by evaluating cell/unit measurements indicative of battery performance (e.g. internal ohmic values or float current) against the station battery baseline.</p> <p align="center">-or-</p> <p>Verify that the station battery can perform as manufactured by conducting a performance or modified performance capacity test of the entire battery bank.</p> |

| Table 1-4(b) Component Type – Protection System Station dc Supply Using Valve-Regulated Lead-Acid (VRLA) Batteries Excluding distributed UFLS and distributed UVLS (see Table 3) | | |
|--|------------------------------|---|
| Protection System Station dc supply used only for non-BES interrupting devices for RAS, non-distributed UFLS systems, or non-distributed UVLS systems is excluded (see Table 1-4(e)). | | |
| Component Attributes | Maximum Maintenance Interval | Maintenance Activities |
| Protection System Station dc supply with Valve Regulated Lead-Acid (VRLA) batteries not having monitoring attributes of Table 1-4(f). | 4 Calendar Months | Verify: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Station dc supply voltage Inspect: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • For unintentional grounds |
| | 6 Calendar Months | Inspect: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Condition of all individual units by measuring battery cell/unit internal ohmic values. |
| | 18 Calendar Months | Verify: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Float voltage of battery charger • Battery continuity • Battery terminal connection resistance • Battery intercell or unit-to-unit connection resistance Inspect: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Physical condition of battery rack |

| <p style="text-align: center;">Table 1-4(b) Component Type – Protection System Station dc Supply Using Valve-Regulated Lead-Acid (VRLA) Batteries Excluding distributed UFLS and distributed UVLS (see Table 3)</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Protection System Station dc supply used only for non-BES interrupting devices for RAS, non-distributed UFLS systems, or non-distributed UVLS systems is excluded (see Table 1-4(e)).</p> | | |
|---|---|---|
| Component Attributes | Maximum Maintenance Interval | Maintenance Activities |
| | 6 Calendar Months -or- 3 Calendar Years | Verify that the station battery can perform as manufactured by evaluating cell/unit measurements indicative of battery performance (e.g. internal ohmic values or float current) against the station battery baseline. -or- Verify that the station battery can perform as manufactured by conducting a performance or modified performance capacity test of the entire battery bank. |

| Table 1-4(c) Component Type – Protection System Station dc Supply Using Nickel-Cadmium (NiCad) Batteries Excluding distributed UFLS and distributed UVLS (see Table 3) | | |
|--|------------------------------|--|
| Protection System Station dc supply used only for non-BES interrupting devices for RAS, non-distributed UFLS system, or non-distributed UVLS systems is excluded (see Table 1-4(e)). | | |
| Component Attributes | Maximum Maintenance Interval | Maintenance Activities |
| Protection System Station dc supply Nickel-Cadmium (NiCad) batteries not having monitoring attributes of Table 1-4(f). | 4 Calendar Months | Verify: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Station dc supply voltage Inspect: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Electrolyte level • For unintentional grounds |
| | 18 Calendar Months | Verify: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Float voltage of battery charger • Battery continuity • Battery terminal connection resistance • Battery intercell or unit-to-unit connection resistance Inspect: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Cell condition of all individual battery cells. • Physical condition of battery rack |

| Table 1-4(c) Component Type – Protection System Station dc Supply Using Nickel-Cadmium (NiCad) Batteries Excluding distributed UFLS and distributed UVLS (see Table 3) | | |
|--|------------------------------|---|
| Protection System Station dc supply used only for non-BES interrupting devices for RAS, non-distributed UFLS system, or non-distributed UVLS systems is excluded (see Table 1-4(e)). | | |
| Component Attributes | Maximum Maintenance Interval | Maintenance Activities |
| | 6 Calendar Years | Verify that the station battery can perform as manufactured by conducting a performance or modified performance capacity test of the entire battery bank. |

| Table 1-4(d) Component Type – Protection System Station dc Supply Using Non Battery Based Energy Storage Excluding distributed UFLS and distributed UVLS (see Table 3) | | |
|--|------------------------------|--|
| Protection System Station dc supply used only for non-BES interrupting devices for RAS, non-distributed UFLS system, or non-distributed UVLS systems is excluded (see Table 1-4(e)). | | |
| Component Attributes | Maximum Maintenance Interval | Maintenance Activities |
| Any Protection System station dc supply not using a battery and not having monitoring attributes of Table 1-4(f). | 4 Calendar Months | Verify: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Station dc supply voltage Inspect: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • For unintentional grounds |
| | 18 Calendar Months | Inspect: Condition of non-battery based dc supply |
| | 6 Calendar Years | Verify that the dc supply can perform as manufactured when ac power is not present. |

| Table 1-4(e) Component Type – Protection System Station dc Supply for non-BES Interrupting Devices for RAS, non-distributed UFLS, and non-distributed UVLS systems | | |
|--|--|-----------------------------------|
| Component Attributes | Maximum Maintenance Interval | Maintenance Activities |
| Any Protection System dc supply used for tripping only non-BES interrupting devices as part of a RAS, non-distributed UFLS, or non-distributed UVLS system and not having monitoring attributes of Table 1-4(f). | When control circuits are verified (See Table 1-5) | Verify Station dc supply voltage. |

| Table 1-4(f) Exclusions for Protection System Station dc Supply Monitoring Devices and Systems | | |
|--|-------------------------------------|--|
| Component Attributes | Maximum Maintenance Interval | Maintenance Activities |
| Any station dc supply with high and low voltage monitoring and alarming of the battery charger voltage to detect charger overvoltage and charger failure (See Table 2). | No periodic maintenance specified | No periodic verification of station dc supply voltage is required. |
| Any battery based station dc supply with electrolyte level monitoring and alarming in every cell (See Table 2). | | No periodic inspection of the electrolyte level for each cell is required. |
| Any station dc supply with unintentional dc ground monitoring and alarming (See Table 2). | | No periodic inspection of unintentional dc grounds is required. |
| Any station dc supply with charger float voltage monitoring and alarming to ensure correct float voltage is being applied on the station dc supply (See Table 2). | | No periodic verification of float voltage of battery charger is required. |
| Any battery based station dc supply with monitoring and alarming of battery string continuity (See Table 2). | | No periodic verification of the battery continuity is required. |
| Any battery based station dc supply with monitoring and alarming of the intercell and/or terminal connection detail resistance of the entire battery (See Table 2). | | No periodic verification of the intercell and terminal connection resistance is required. |
| Any Valve Regulated Lead-Acid (VRLA) or Vented Lead-Acid (VLA) station battery with internal ohmic value or float current monitoring and alarming, and evaluating present values relative to baseline internal ohmic values for every cell/unit (See Table 2). | | No periodic evaluation relative to baseline of battery cell/unit measurements indicative of battery performance is required to verify the station battery can perform as manufactured. |
| Any Valve Regulated Lead-Acid (VRLA) or Vented Lead-Acid (VLA) station battery with monitoring and alarming of each cell/unit internal ohmic value (See Table 2). | | No periodic inspection of the condition of all individual units by measuring battery cell/unit internal ohmic values of a station VRLA or Vented Lead-Acid (VLA) battery is required. |

| <p align="center">Table 1-5</p> <p align="center">Component Type - Control Circuitry Associated With Protective Functions</p> <p align="center">Excluding distributed UFLS and distributed UVLS (see Table 3), Automatic Reclosing (see Table 4), and Sudden Pressure Relaying (see Table 5)</p> <p align="center">Note: Table requirements apply to all Control Circuitry Components of Protection Systems, and RAS except as noted.</p> | | |
|---|-----------------------------------|---|
| Component Attributes | Maximum Maintenance Interval | Maintenance Activities |
| Trip coils or actuators of circuit breakers, interrupting devices, or mitigating devices (regardless of any monitoring of the control circuitry). | 6 Calendar Years | Verify that each trip coil is able to operate the circuit breaker, interrupting device, or mitigating device. |
| Electromechanical lockout devices which are directly in a trip path from the protective relay to the interrupting device trip coil (regardless of any monitoring of the control circuitry). | 6 Calendar Years | Verify electrical operation of electromechanical lockout devices. |
| Unmonitored control circuitry associated with RAS. (See Table 4-2(b) for RAS which include Automatic Reclosing.) | 12 Calendar Years | Verify all paths of the control circuits essential for proper operation of the RAS. |
| Unmonitored control circuitry associated with protective functions inclusive of all auxiliary relays. | 12 Calendar Years | Verify all paths of the trip circuits inclusive of all auxiliary relays through the trip coil(s) of the circuit breakers or other interrupting devices. |
| Control circuitry associated with protective functions and/or RAS whose integrity is monitored and alarmed (See Table 2). | No periodic maintenance specified | None. |

| Table 2 – Alarming Paths and Monitoring In Tables 1-1 through 1-5, Table 3, Tables 4-1 through 4-3, and Table 5 alarm attributes used to justify extended maximum maintenance intervals and/or reduced maintenance activities are subject to the following maintenance requirements | | |
|--|-----------------------------------|--|
| Component Attributes | Maximum Maintenance Interval | Maintenance Activities |
| Any alarm path through which alarms in Tables 1-1 through 1-5, Table 3, Tables 4-1 through 4-3, and Table 5 are conveyed from the alarm origin to the location where corrective action can be initiated, and not having all the attributes of the “Alarm Path with monitoring” category below. Alarms are reported within 24 hours of detection to a location where corrective action can be initiated. | 12 Calendar Years | Verify that the alarm path conveys alarm signals to a location where corrective action can be initiated. |
| Alarm Path with monitoring: The location where corrective action is taken receives an alarm within 24 hours for failure of any portion of the alarming path from the alarm origin to the location where corrective action can be initiated. | No periodic maintenance specified | None. |

| Table 3 Maintenance Activities and Intervals for distributed UFLS and distributed UVLS Systems | | |
|---|------------------------------|--|
| Component Attributes | Maximum Maintenance Interval | Maintenance Activities |
| Any unmonitored protective relay not having all the monitoring attributes of a category below. | 6 Calendar Years | <p>Verify that settings are as specified.</p> <p>For non-microprocessor relays:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Test and, if necessary calibrate. <p>For microprocessor relays:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Verify operation of the relay inputs and outputs that are essential to proper functioning of the Protection System. • Verify acceptable measurement of power system input values. |
| <p>Monitored microprocessor protective relay with the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Internal self-diagnosis and alarming (See Table 2). • Voltage and/or current waveform sampling three or more times per power cycle, and conversion of samples to numeric values for measurement calculations by microprocessor electronics. <p>Alarming for power supply failure (See Table 2).</p> | 12 Calendar Years | <p>Verify:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Settings are as specified. • Operation of the relay inputs and outputs that are essential to proper functioning of the Protection System. • Acceptable measurement of power system input values. |
| <p>Monitored microprocessor protective relay with preceding row attributes and the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • AC measurements are continuously verified by comparison to an independent ac measurement source, with alarming for excessive error (See Table 2). | 12 Calendar Years | <p>Verify only the unmonitored relay inputs and outputs that are essential to proper functioning of the Protection System.</p> |

| Table 3 Maintenance Activities and Intervals for distributed UFLS and distributed UVLS Systems | | |
|--|-------------------------------------|--|
| Component Attributes | Maximum Maintenance Interval | Maintenance Activities |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Some or all binary or status inputs and control outputs are monitored by a process that continuously demonstrates ability to perform as designed, with alarming for failure (See Table 2). Alarming for change of settings (See Table 2). | | |
| Voltage and/or current sensing devices associated with UFLS or UVLS systems. | 12 Calendar Years | Verify that current and/or voltage signal values are provided to the protective relays. |
| Protection System dc supply for tripping non-BES interrupting devices used only for a UFLS or UVLS system. | 12 Calendar Years | Verify Protection System dc supply voltage. |
| Control circuitry between the UFLS or UVLS relays and electromechanical lockout and/or tripping auxiliary devices (excludes non-BES interrupting device trip coils). | 12 Calendar Years | Verify the path from the relay to the lockout and/or tripping auxiliary relay (including essential supervisory logic). |
| Electromechanical lockout and/or tripping auxiliary devices associated only with UFLS or UVLS systems (excludes non-BES interrupting device trip coils). | 12 Calendar Years | Verify electrical operation of electromechanical lockout and/or tripping auxiliary devices. |
| Control circuitry between the electromechanical lockout and/or tripping auxiliary devices and the non-BES interrupting devices in UFLS or UVLS systems, or between UFLS or UVLS relays (with no interposing electromechanical lockout or auxiliary device) and the non-BES interrupting devices (excludes non-BES interrupting device trip coils). | No periodic maintenance specified | None. |
| Trip coils of non-BES interrupting devices in UFLS or UVLS systems. | No periodic maintenance specified | None. |

| <p align="center">Table 4-1</p> <p align="center">Maintenance Activities and Intervals for Automatic Reclosing Components</p> <p align="center">Component Type – Reclosing and Supervisory Relay</p> <p>Note: In cases where Components of Automatic Reclosing are common to Components listed in Table 1-1 through 1-5, the Components only need to be tested once during a distinct maintenance interval.</p> | | |
|--|------------------------------|--|
| Component Attributes | Maximum Maintenance Interval | Maintenance Activities |
| <p>Any unmonitored reclosing relay or supervisory relay not having all the monitoring attributes of a category below.</p> | <p>6 Calendar Years</p> | <p>Verify that settings are as specified.</p> <p>For non-microprocessor reclosing or supervisory relays:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Test and, if necessary calibrate <p>For microprocessor reclosing or supervisory relays:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Verify operation of the relay inputs and outputs that are essential to proper functioning of the Automatic Reclosing. <p>For microprocessor supervisory relays:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Verify acceptable measurement of power system input values. |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Monitored microprocessor reclosing relay or supervisory relay with the following: Internal self-diagnosis and alarming (See Table 2). • Alarming for power supply failure (See Table 2). <p>For supervisory relay:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Voltage waveform sampling three or more times per power cycle, and conversion of samples to numeric values for measurement calculations by microprocessor electronics. | <p>12 Calendar Years</p> | <p>Verify:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Settings are as specified. • Operation of the relay inputs and outputs that are essential to proper functioning of the Automatic Reclosing. <p>For supervisory relays:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Verify acceptable measurement of power system input values. |

| Table 4-1 Maintenance Activities and Intervals for Automatic Reclosing Components Component Type – Reclosing and Supervisory Relay | | |
|--|------------------------------|---|
| Note: In cases where Components of Automatic Reclosing are common to Components listed in Table 1-1 through 1-5, the Components only need to be tested once during a distinct maintenance interval. | | |
| Component Attributes | Maximum Maintenance Interval | Maintenance Activities |
| Monitored microprocessor reclosing relay or supervisory relay with preceding row attributes and the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Some or all binary or status inputs and control outputs are monitored by a process that continuously demonstrates ability to perform as designed, with alarming for failure (See Table 2). Alarming for change of settings (See Table 2). For supervisory relay: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ac measurements are continuously verified by comparison to an independent ac measurement source, with alarming for excessive error (See Table 2). | 12 Calendar Years | Verify only the unmonitored relay inputs and outputs that are essential to proper functioning of the Automatic Reclosing. |

Table 4-2(a)

Maintenance Activities and Intervals for Automatic Reclosing Components

Component Type – Control Circuitry Associated with Reclosing and Supervisory Relays that are NOT an Integral Part of an RAS

Note: In cases where Components of Automatic Reclosing are common to Components listed in Table 1-5, the Components only need to be tested once during a distinct maintenance interval.

| Component Attributes | Maximum Maintenance Interval | Maintenance Activities |
|--|-----------------------------------|--|
| Unmonitored Control circuitry associated with Automatic Reclosing that is not an integral part of an RAS. | 12 Calendar Years | Verify that Automatic Reclosing, upon initiation, does not issue a premature closing command to the close circuitry. |
| Control circuitry associated with Automatic Reclosing that is not part of an RAS and is monitored and alarmed for conditions that would result in a premature closing command. (See Table 2) | No periodic maintenance specified | None. |

| <p align="center">Table 4-2(b) Maintenance Activities and Intervals for Automatic Reclosing Components Component Type – Control Circuitry Associated with Reclosing and Supervisory Relays that ARE an Integral Part of an RAS Note: In cases where Components of Automatic Reclosing are common to Components listed in Table 1-5, the Components only need to be tested once during a distinct maintenance interval.</p> | | |
|---|-----------------------------------|--|
| Component Attributes | Maximum Maintenance Interval | Maintenance Activities |
| Close coils or actuators of circuit breakers or similar devices that are used in conjunction with Automatic Reclosing as part of an RAS (regardless of any monitoring of the control circuitry). | 6 Calendar Years | Verify that each close coil or actuator is able to operate the circuit breaker or mitigating device. |
| Unmonitored close control circuitry associated with Automatic Reclosing used as an integral part of an RAS. | 12 Calendar Years | Verify all paths of the control circuits associated with Automatic Reclosing that are essential for proper operation of the RAS. |
| Control circuitry associated with Automatic Reclosing that is an integral part of an RAS whose integrity is monitored and alarmed. (See Table 2) | No periodic maintenance specified | None. |

| Table 4-3 Maintenance Activities and Intervals for Automatic Reclosing Components Component Type – Voltage Sensing Devices Associated with Supervisory Relays Note: In cases where Components of Automatic Reclosing are common to Components listed in Table 1-3, the Components only need to be tested once during a distinct maintenance interval. | | |
|--|-----------------------------------|---|
| Component Attributes | Maximum Maintenance Interval | Maintenance Activities |
| Any voltage sensing devices not having monitoring attributes of the category below. | 12 Calendar Years | Verify that voltage signal values are provided to the supervisory relays. |
| Voltage sensing devices that are connected to microprocessor supervisory relays with ac measurements that are continuously verified by comparison of sensing input value, as measured by the microprocessor relay, to an independent ac measurement source, with alarming for unacceptable error or failure. (See Table 2) | No periodic maintenance specified | None. |

| <p style="text-align: center;">Table 5 Maintenance Activities and Intervals for Sudden Pressure Relaying</p> | | |
|--|-----------------------------------|---|
| <p style="text-align: center;">Note: In cases where Components of Sudden Pressure Relaying are common to Components listed in Table 1-5, the Components only need to be tested once during a distinct maintenance interval.</p> | | |
| Component Attributes | Maximum Maintenance Interval | Maintenance Activities |
| Any fault pressure relay. | 6 Calendar Years | Verify the pressure or flow sensing mechanism is operable. |
| Electromechanical lockout devices which are directly in a trip path from the fault pressure relay to the interrupting device trip coil (regardless of any monitoring of the control circuitry). | 6 Calendar Years | Verify electrical operation of electromechanical lockout devices. |
| Unmonitored control circuitry associated with Sudden Pressure Relaying. | 12 Calendar Years | Verify all paths of the trip circuits inclusive of all auxiliary relays through the trip coil(s) of the circuit breakers or other interrupting devices. |
| Control circuitry associated with Sudden Pressure Relaying whose integrity is monitored and alarmed (See Table 2). | No periodic maintenance specified | None. |

PRC-005 — Attachment A

Criteria for a Performance-Based Protection System Maintenance Program

Purpose: To establish a technical basis for initial and continued use of a performance-based Protection System Maintenance Program (PSMP).

To establish the technical justification for the initial use of a performance-based PSMP:

1. Develop a list with a description of Components included in each designated Segment, with a minimum Segment population of 60 Components.
2. Maintain the Components in each Segment according to the time-based maximum allowable intervals established in Tables 1-1 through 1-5, Table 3, Tables 4-1 through 4-3, and Table 5 until results of maintenance activities for the Segment are available for a minimum of 30 individual Components of the Segment.
3. Document the maintenance program activities and results for each Segment, including maintenance dates and Countable Events for each included Component.
4. Analyze the maintenance program activities and results for each Segment to determine the overall performance of the Segment and develop maintenance intervals.
5. Determine the maximum allowable maintenance interval for each Segment such that the Segment experiences Countable Events on no more than 4% of the Components within the Segment, for the greater of either the last 30 Components maintained or all Components maintained in the previous year.

To maintain the technical justification for the ongoing use of a performance-based PSMP:

1. At least annually, update the list of Components and Segments and/or description if any changes occur within the Segment.
2. Perform maintenance on the greater of 5% of the Components (addressed in the performance based PSMP) in each Segment or 3 individual Components within the Segment in each year.
3. For the prior year, analyze the maintenance program activities and results for each Segment to determine the overall performance of the Segment.
4. Using the prior year's data, determine the maximum allowable maintenance interval for each Segment such that the Segment experiences Countable Events on no more than 4% of the Components within the Segment, for the greater of either the last 30 Components maintained or all Components maintained in the previous year.

If the Components in a Segment maintained through a performance-based PSMP experience 4% or more Countable Events, develop, document, and implement an action plan to reduce the Countable Events to less than 4% of the Segment population within 3 years.

Rationale:

During development of this standard, text boxes were embedded within the standard to explain the rationale for various parts of the standard. Upon BOT approval, the text from the rationale text boxes was moved to this section.

Rationale for revisions to Automatic Reclosing:

To address directives from FERC Order No. 803 addressing Automatic Reclosing, the definition for Automatic Reclosing was revised to add supervisory relays, the associated voltage sensing devices, and the associated control circuitry.

Rationale for revisions to Component Type:

With the revision of the definition of Automatic Reclosing, there are four specific elements of this definition, rather than two as stated in the prior version.

Appendix PRC-005-6-QC-1

Specific provisions applicable in Québec for standard PRC-005-6 – Protection System, Automatic Reclosing, and Sudden Pressure Relaying Maintenance

This appendix establishes specific provisions for the application of the standard in Québec. Provisions of the standard and of this appendix must be read jointly for comprehension and interpretation purposes. Where the standard and appendix differ, the appendix shall prevail.

A. Introduction

1. **Title:** No specific provisions.
2. **Number:** No specific provisions.
3. **Purpose:** No specific provisions.

4. **Applicability:**

- 4.1. **Functional Entities**

No specific provisions.

- 4.2. **Facilities**

Replace all references to “Bulk Electric System (BES)” with “Main Transmission System (RTP)”, including the footnotes 1 and 2.

The subsections of Section 4.2 apply, with the exception of the following subsections, which take precedence:

4.2.2. Protection Systems for underfrequency load shedding (UFLS) systems.

4.2.5. Protection Systems and Sudden Pressure Relaying for generator Facilities that are part of the RTP, except for Dispersed Power Producing Resources, including the following:

4.2.6. Protection Systems and Sudden Pressure Relaying for the following RTP generation Facilities in the case of Dispersed Power Producing Resources:

4.2.6.1 Protection Systems and Sudden Pressure Relaying for Facilities mentioned in point b) of the Dispersed Power Producing Resources definition in the Glossary of Terms Used in NERC Reliability Standards (the “Glossary”).

5. **Effective date:**

- 5.1. Adoption of the standard by the Régie de l'énergie: December 11, 2020
 - 5.2. Adoption of this appendix by the Régie de l'énergie: December 11, 2020
 - 5.3. Effective date of the standard and of this appendix in Québec: April 1, 2021

BPS Protection Systems that were already covered by PRC-005-2: the implementations dates for the Requirements are those of PRC-005-2 (see tables 1a and 1b of this Appendix).

RTP Protection Systems that were not included in PRC-005-2: the implementation dates for the Requirements are specified in tables 2a and 2b of this Appendix. These tables consider not only the equipment that is now covered because it is part of the RTP (including the BPS), but also all Elements newly covered by PRC-005-6, i.e., Automatic Reclosing, Sudden Pressure Relaying, Protection Systems installed as Remedial Action Schemes (RAS) and not

Appendix PRC-005-6-QC-1

**Specific provisions applicable in Québec for standard
PRC-005-6 – Protection System, Automatic Reclosing, and Sudden Pressure Relaying
Maintenance**

corresponding to the definition of SPS, and the Protection Systems of Dispersed Power Producing Resources.

Table 1a – Implementation dates of PRC-005-2, applicable only to BPS

| Requirements | Implementation dates in Québec |
|--------------|--------------------------------|
| R1, R2, R5 | January 1, 2017 |
| R3, R4 | See table below |

Table 1b – Implementation dates of PRC-005-2 for requirements R3 and R4

| Maximum Maintenance Interval (tables 1 to 3) | Applicability | Implementation dates in Québec |
|---|---------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| ≤1 year | 100% maintenance required | January 1, 2017 |
| 1 year to 2 years | 100% maintenance required | April 1, 2017 |
| Up to 3 years | 30% maintenance required | April 1, 2017 |
| | 60% maintenance required | April 1, 2017 |
| | 100% maintenance required | April 1, 2018 |
| Up to 6 years | 30% maintenance required | April 1, 2017 |
| | 60% maintenance required | April 1, 2019 |
| | 100% maintenance required | April 1, 2021 |
| Up to 12 years | 30% maintenance required | April 1, 2019 |
| | 60% maintenance required | April 1, 2023 |
| | 100% maintenance required | April 1, 2027 |

**Table 2a – Implementation dates for PRC-005-6, applicable to the RTP and now covering
Automatic Reclosing, Sudden Pressure Relaying, Protection Systems installed as Remedial
Action Schemes (RAS), but not included in the definition of SPS, and Protection Systems
for Dispersed Power Producing Resources**

| Requirements | Implementation dates in Québec |
|---------------|--------------------------------|
| R1, R2 and R5 | October 1, 2022 |
| R3 and R4 | see table below |

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**Specific provisions applicable in Québec for standard
PRC-005-6 – Protection System, Automatic Reclosing, and Sudden Pressure Relaying
Maintenance**

Table 2b – Implementation dates of PRC-005-6 for requirements R3 and R4

| Maximum Maintenance Interval (tables 1 to 5) | Applicability | Implementation dates in Québec |
|---|---------------------------|---|
| ≤1 year | 100% maintenance required | April 1, 2023 |
| 1 year to 2 years | 100% maintenance required | July 1, 2023 |
| Up to 3 years | 30% maintenance required | July 1, 2023 |
| | 60% maintenance required | July 1, 2024 |
| | 100% maintenance required | August 1, 2025 |
| Up to 6 years | 30% maintenance required | April 1, 2024 |
| | 60% maintenance required | April 1, 2025 |
| | 100% maintenance required | April 1, 2027 |
| Up to 12 years | 30% maintenance required | April 1, 2026 |
| | 60% maintenance required | October 1, 2028 |
| | 100% maintenance required | April 1, 2033 |

6. Definitions Used in this Standard

No specific provisions.

B. Requirements and Measures

No specific provisions.

C. Compliance

1. Compliance Monitoring Process

1.1. Compliance Enforcement Authority

In Québec, “Compliance Enforcement Authority” means the Régie de l’énergie in its roles of monitoring and enforcing compliance with respect to the Reliability Standard and to this appendix.

1.2. Evidence Retention

No specific provisions.

1.3. Compliance Monitoring and Assessment Processes

The Régie de l’énergie establishes the monitoring processes used to evaluate data or information for the purpose of determining compliance or non-compliance with the Reliability Standard and with this appendix.

1.4. Additional Compliance Information

No specific provisions.

Appendix PRC-005-6-QC-1

Specific provisions applicable in Québec for standard PRC-005-6 – Protection System, Automatic Reclosing, and Sudden Pressure Relaying Maintenance

Table of Compliance Elements

No specific provisions.

D. Regional Variances

No specific provisions.

E. Interpretations

No specific provisions.

Supplemental Reference Documents

No specific provisions.

Tables 1-1 to 1-5

Replace all references to the term “non-BES” with the term “non-RTP.”

Table 2

No specific provisions.

Table 3

Replace all references to the term “non-BES” with the term “non-RTP.”

Tables 4-1 to 5

No specific provisions.

Attachment A

No specific provisions.

Version history

| Version | Date | Action | Change tracking |
|---------|-------------------|--------------|-----------------|
| 1 | December 11, 2020 | New appendix | New |